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| **Name (in Romaji):** | 🡪 |
| **Student Number:** | 🡪 |
| **Class Day + Period (examples: Monday 2, Friday 3):** | 🡪 |

**Philosophy Quiz 20 – Three 19th-Century Philosophers**

**ONLY** write or type the letter or letters of your answer (for example: A, B, C, etc.) for each question to the right of the arrows. **DO** **NOT** include anything else for your answer.

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(20.2) 🡪

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Score: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ / 13

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| (20.1) |  | In Kierkegaard’s philosophy, the ethical stage of life is a lifestyle characterized by: | |
|  |  | [A] | the pursuit of one’s own satisfaction and enjoyment. |
|  |  | [B] | a commitment to a life of moral duty that admits no exceptions in one’s own favor. |
|  |  | [C] | a trust in God that is not based on reason but on a “leap of faith.” |

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| (20.2) |  | In Kierkegaard’s philosophy, the aesthetic stage of life is a lifestyle characterized by: | |
|  |  | [A] | the pursuit of his one satisfaction and enjoyment. |
|  |  | [B] | a commitment to a life of moral duty that admits no exceptions in one’s own favor. |
|  |  | [C] | a trust in God that is not based on reason but on a “leap of faith.” |

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| (20.3) |  | In Kierkegaard’s philosophy, the religious stage of life is a lifestyle characterized by: | |
|  |  | [A] | the pursuit of his one satisfaction and enjoyment. |
|  |  | [B] | a commitment to a life of moral duty that admits no exceptions in one’s own favor. |
|  |  | [C] | a trust in God that is not based on reason but on a “leap of faith.” |

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| (20.4) |  | The view that meaning in life can be found in ourselves and our inner choices is associated with: | |
|  |  | [A] | Schopenhauer |
|  |  | [B] | Kierkegaard |
|  |  | [C] | Nietzsche |

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| (20.5) |  | What state of mind did Kierkegaard see as modern man’s symptom of the awareness that the meaning of life cannot be found in external sources? | |
|  |  | [A] | Misery |
|  |  | [B] | Confusion |
|  |  | [C] | Anguish |

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| (20.6) |  | According to Nietzsche, the slave morality comes from Christianity. | |
|  |  | [A] | True |
|  |  | [B] | False |

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| (20.7) |  | Which statement best summarizes the stand taken by Kierkegaard on the existence of Good and man’s purpose in life? | |
|  |  | [A] | God has devised a plan within which man’s purpose lies. |
|  |  | [B] | Man must create God by his own choice in order to know the meaning and purpose of life. |
|  |  | [C] | Man must put his faith in God’s purpose for man. |

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| (20.8) |  | Which existentialist philosopher describes three stages through which a seeker of meaning in life passes? | |
|  |  | [A] | Schopenhauer |
|  |  | [B] | Kierkegaard |
|  |  | [C] | Nietzsche |

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| (20.9) |  | For Kierkegaard, the move to the religious stage is a commitment not to a rational principle but to a relationship with a person. | |
|  |  | [A] | True |
|  |  | [B] | False |

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| (20.10) |  | Who did Nietzsche think was a poor thinker because he was ugly? | |
|  |  | [A] | Heraclitus |
|  |  | [B] | Plato |
|  |  | [C] | Socrates |
|  |  | [D] | Aristotle |

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| (20.11) |  | The death of God means that the idea of God is no longer relevant to society. | |
|  |  | [A] | True |
|  |  | [B] | False |

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| (20.12) |  | Zarathustra proclaims the coming of whom? | |
|  |  | [A] | The Superman |
|  |  | [B] | The Batman |
|  |  | [C] | The Aquaman |
|  |  | [D] | The Hulk |

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| (20.13) |  | What did Nietzsche believe? | |
|  |  | [A] | Life evolves to present conditions. There is no design. |
|  |  | [B] | God uses evil as therapy. |
|  |  | [C] | The problem with suffering is that God designed the universe that way. |